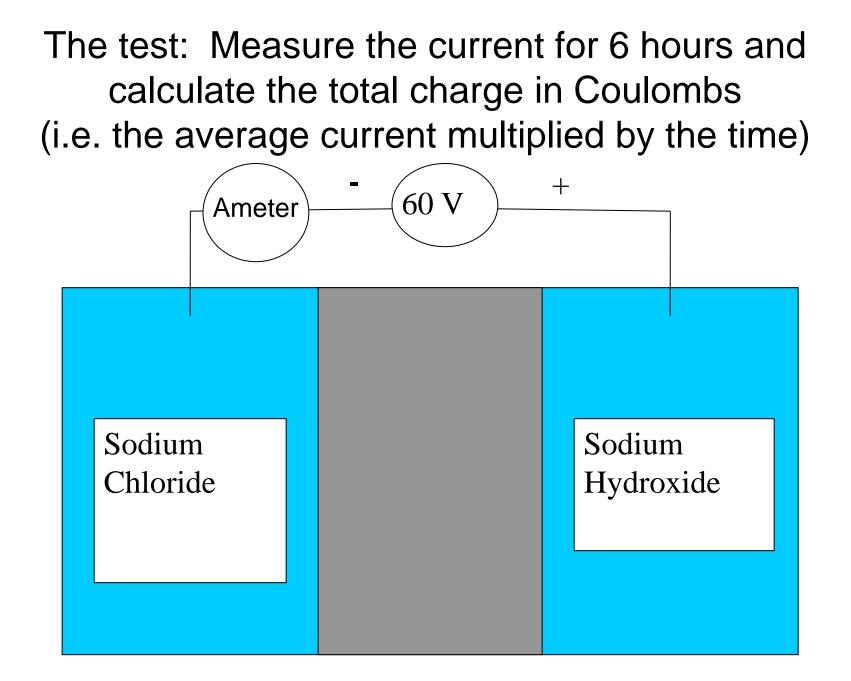
A new way of looking at the Rapid Chloride Permeability Test.

(Using Physics rather than Chemistry)

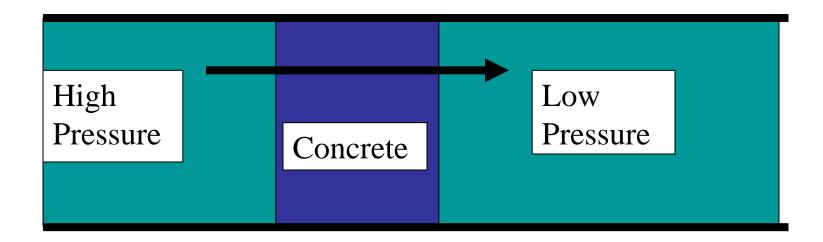
Peter Claisse, Coventry University, Priory Street, Coventry CV1 5FB, UK

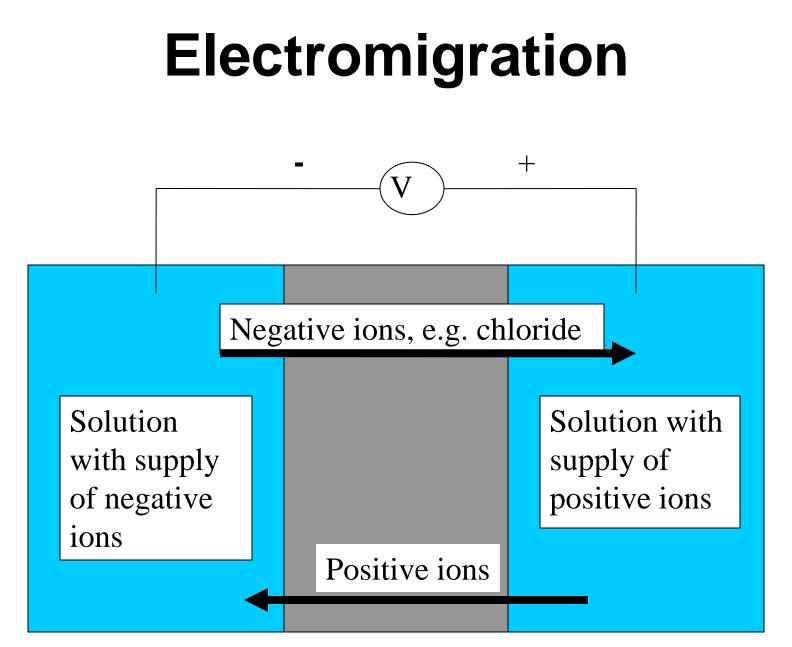
ASTM C1202 – Names for the Test

- Standard Test Method for Electrical Indication of Concrete's Ability to Resist Chloride Ion Penetration (in the ASTM).
- The Rapid Chloride Permeability Test (after Whiting who invented the test)
- The Coulomb Test (it measures Coulombs)

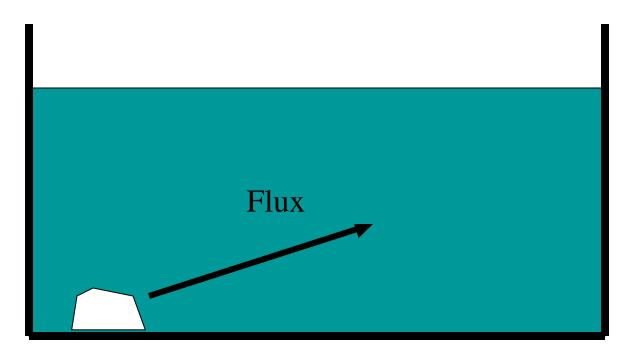


How to measure permeabilitynot this test



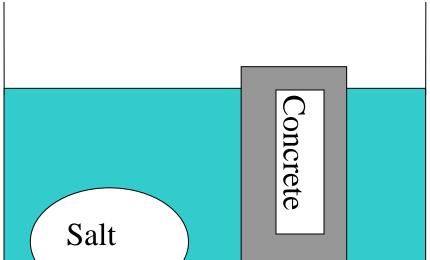


Salt dissolving into a solution



Diffusion

When the salt dissolves into the water it will assume an equal concentration at all points throughout the liquid and will enter the concrete



The Equations

Diffusion:

 $J = \varepsilon D \frac{dC}{dx} mol/m^2/s$

The flux depends on the concentration gradient dC/dx

Electromigration:

$$J = \frac{\varepsilon Dz ECF}{RT} \qquad mol/m^2/s$$

The flux depends on the electrostatic field E (Volts/m)

Solving the hard way –

assuming E is constant

$$I = FADc_o a \left[\frac{2}{\beta\sqrt{\pi}} e^{(\frac{\alpha}{2} - \frac{\alpha^2}{\beta^2} - \frac{\beta^2}{16})} + \frac{1}{2} erfc(\frac{\alpha}{\beta} - \frac{\beta}{4})\right]$$

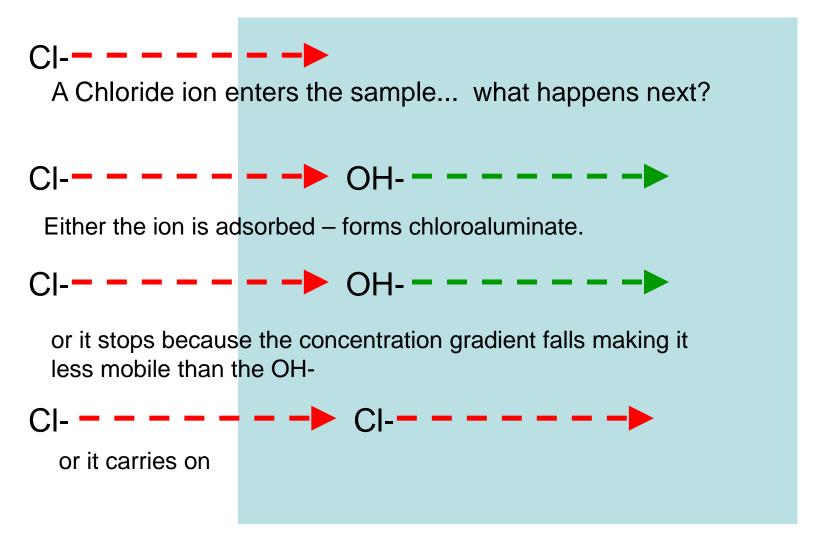
where

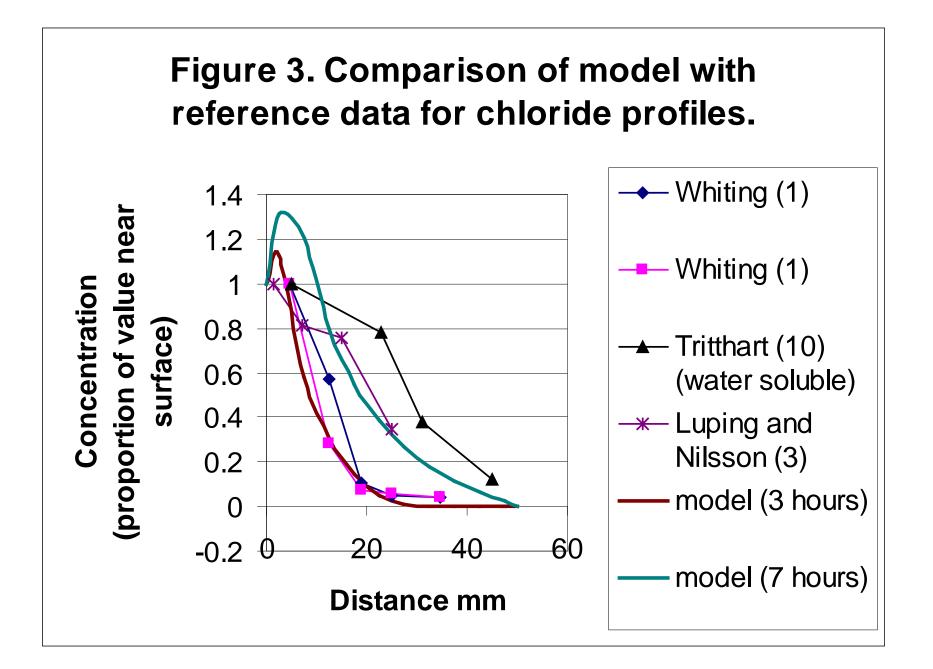
 $a = \frac{zFE}{RT}$

 $\alpha = ax$

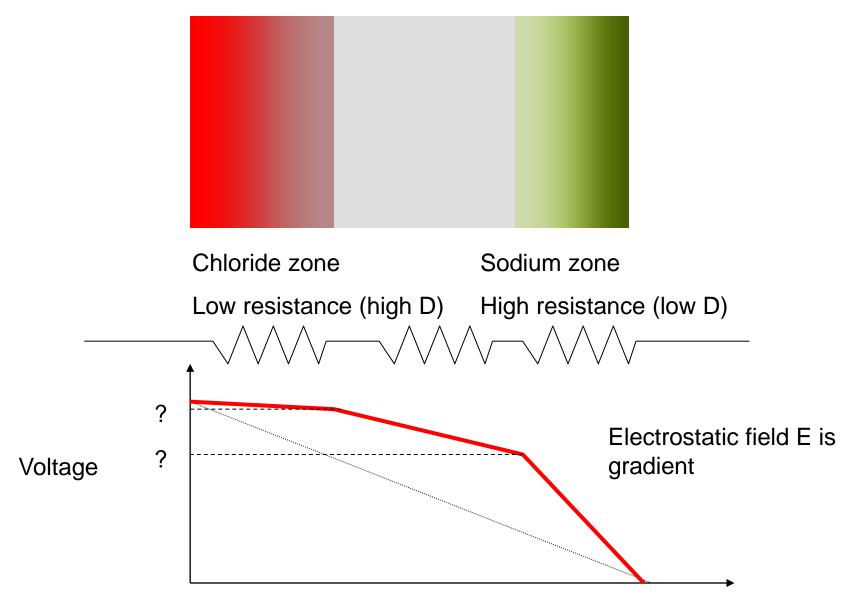
 $\beta = 2a\sqrt{Dt}$

The Progress of a Chloride Ion



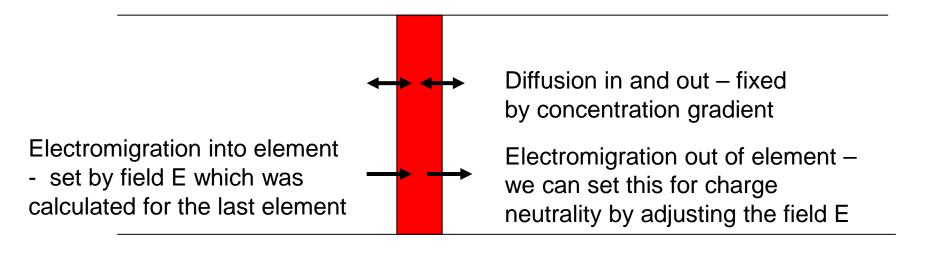


Section through sample during test



Modelling a thin slice of the sample for a short time step

Apply Kirchoff's law : current in = current out

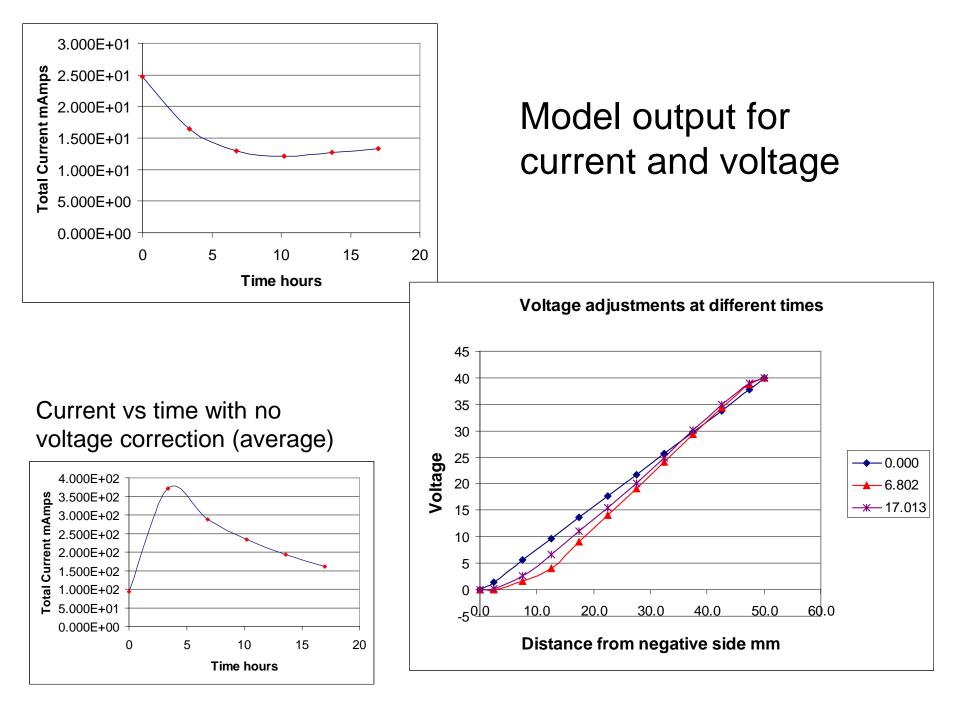


Final adjustments are needed to get the correct total voltage across the sample.

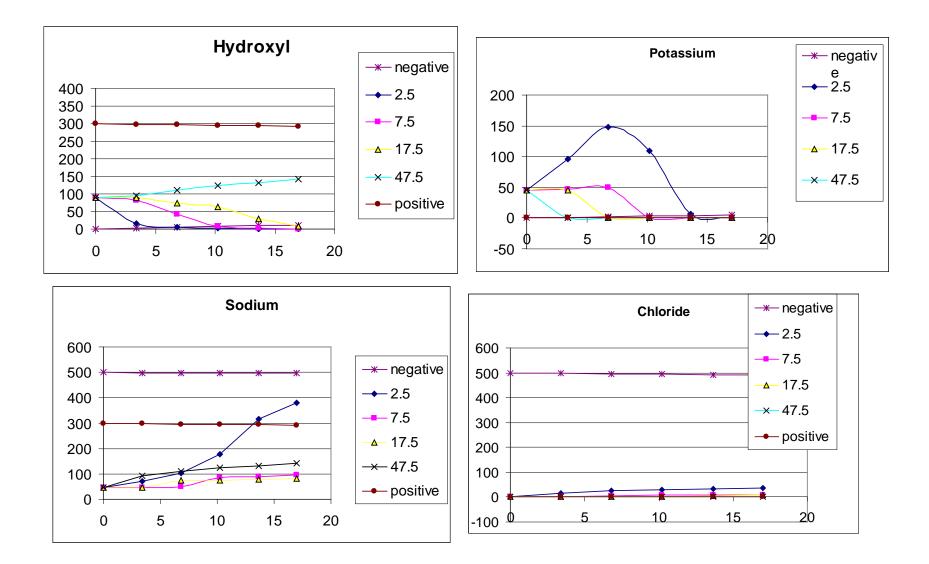
Input and output from computer model

	Valence	Intrinsic Diffusion	Concentration mol/m3 (in liquid)			Capacity		
	z	D m2/s	negative	in sample	positive	Factor	Time	Time step
hydroxyl	-1	1.65E-11	0	9.00E+01	300	0.2	17.02	105.10
chloride	-1	2.00E-10	500	0.00E+00	0	2		
sodium	1	2.00E-11	500	4.50E+01	300	0.2		Temperature
potassium	1	9.00E-11	0	4.50E+01	0	0.2		306.9
anion	1	0	0	0.00E+00	0	0.1		

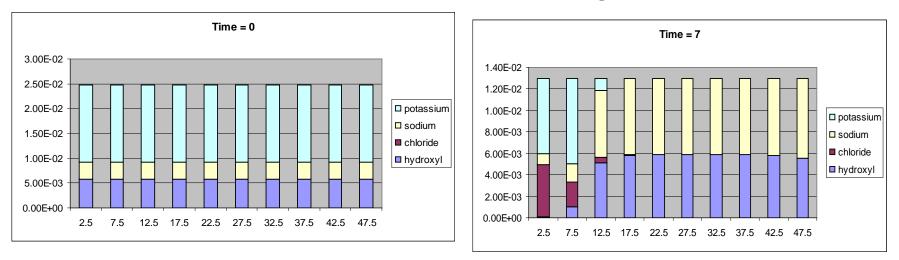
Initial current A	0.025
Final Current A	0.013
Total Charge Coulomb	884
Curvature	0.76
Average current	0.014

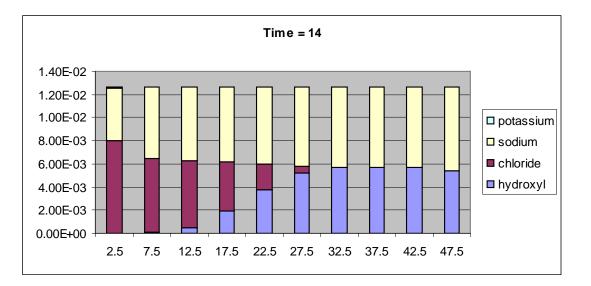


Concentrations in cells at distances from negative side in mol/m3 vs time in hours

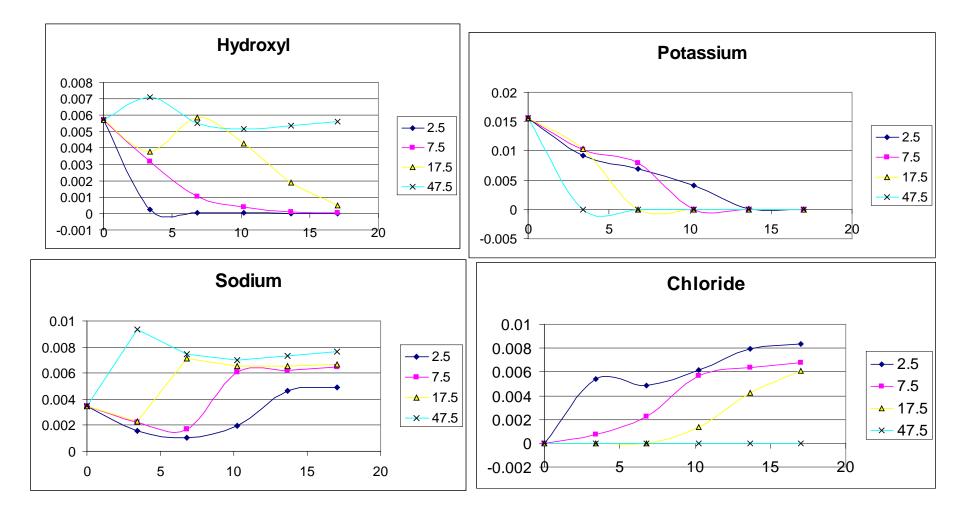


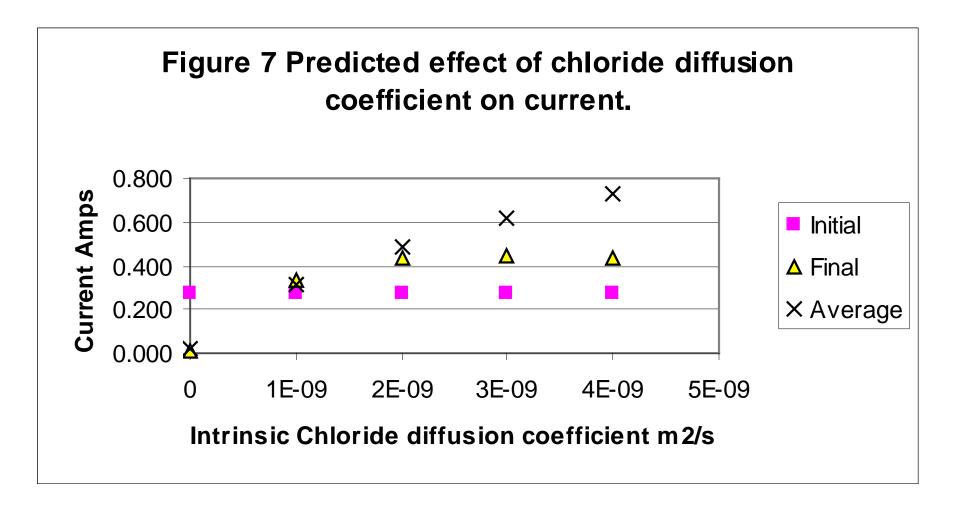
Current in amps at different times in hours vs position in mm from the negative side

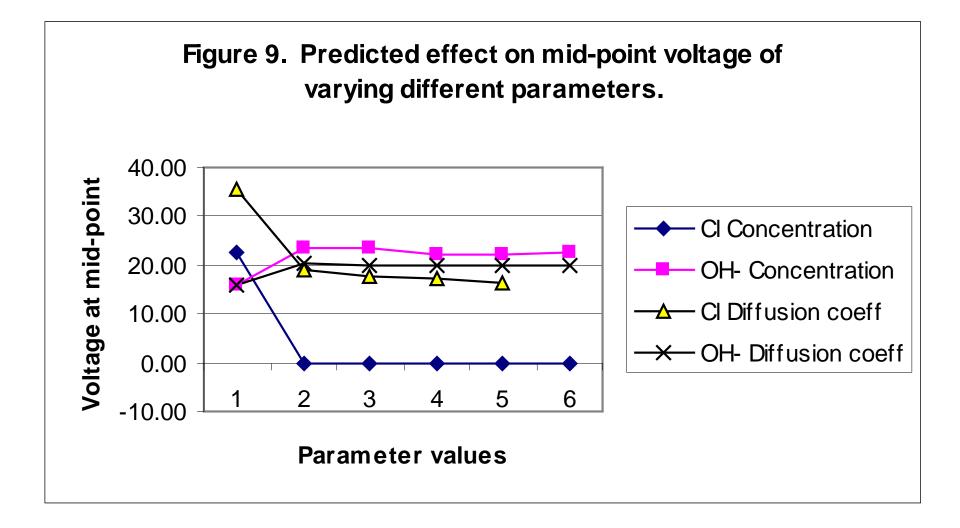




Current from elements in cells at distances from negative side in amps vs time in hours



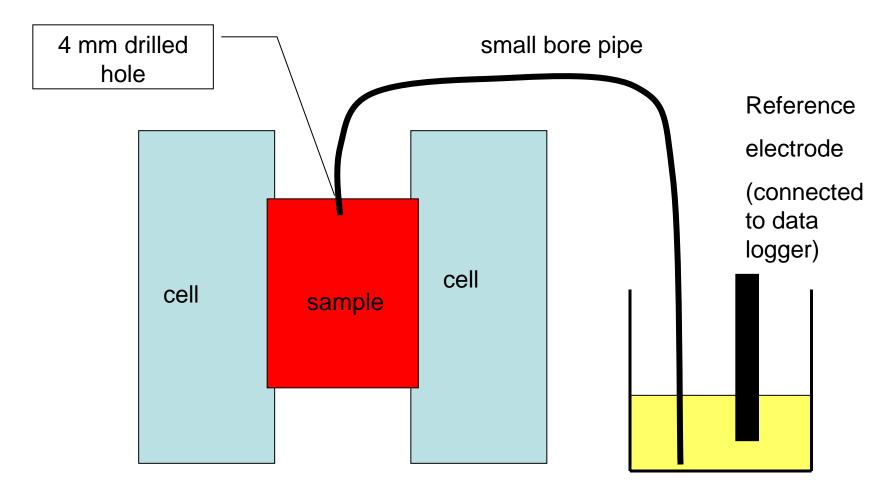




How to get more from the test

- Measure the mid-point voltage
- Measure the initial and final current as well as the average
- Run for as long as possible
- Keep the reservoirs small so they get depleted.

Salt bridge measurements



Potassium chloride

Can you help?

I am looking for a research partner who has the resources to carry out the tests needed to develop this modelling method

Thank you

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